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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/693,301	10/24/2003	Gary K. Schwartz	702-A-US 1477		
7590 08/29/2005			EXAMINER		
Albert Wai-Kit Chan			MARTIN, PAUL C		
Law Offices of World Plaza, Su	Albert Wai-Kit Chan, LL	.C	ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER		
141-07 20th Avenue			1655		
Whitestone, NY 11357			DATE MAILED: 08/29/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application	No.	Applicant(s)				
055 4-4'- 0	10/693,301		SCHWARTZ, GARY K.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit				
	Paul C. Mar		1655				
The MAILING DATE of this comm Period for Reply	nunication appears on the d	over sheet with the c	orrespondence address -	-			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMU - Extensions of time may be available under the provisi after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this co - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirt - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for re Any reply received by the Office later than three mont earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b)	JNICATION. ions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no even- communication. by (30) days, a reply within the statute or statutory period will apply and will of eply will, by statute, cause the applic hs after the mailing date of this come	t, however, may a reply be tin ory minimum of thirty (30) day expire SIX (6) MONTHS from ation to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communica D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ition.			
Status		•					
1) Responsive to communication(s)	filed on						
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL .	2b)⊠ This action is no	n-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the pra	ictice under Ex parte Qua	yle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) 1-40 is/are pending in the	e application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is	s/are withdrawn from cons	sideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6) Claim(s) is/are rejected.			•				
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to	•						
8)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-40</u> are subject to restri	ction and/or election requ	irement.					
Application Papers	•						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by	the Examiner.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/a	re: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐] objected to by the I	Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any of	bjection to the drawing(s) be	held in abeyance. See	∍ 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) includ	-	• • • •	₹	• •			
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected	d to by the Examiner. Note	the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152	•			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim a) All b) Some * c) None of 1. Certified copies of the prior 2. Certified copies of the prior 3. Copies of the certified copies application from the Internal	ity documents have been ity documents have been es of the priority document ducument Bureau (PCT Rule	received. received in Applicati its have been receive 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage				
* See the attached detailed Office ac	ction for a list of the certific	ed copies not receive	∶d .				
Attachment(e)							
Attachment(s) 1) \(\sum \) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	,	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)				
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review	v (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ate				
 Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 		5)	Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- Claims 1-5, 9-16 and 22, drawn to a method for screening, quantitating, and identifying a mixture of compounds for activity, classified in class 435, subclass 41.
- II. Claims 6, 8-15, 22, and 30 drawn to a method of screening a mixture of compounds and identifying the active metabolite, classified in class 435, subclass 4.
- III. Claims 7, 9-15, 22, and 30 drawn to a method of quantitating an herbal extract, classified in class 435, subclass 4.
- IV. Claims 18-20, drawn to a method of producing a fingerprint of an extract of a natural product, classified in class 435, subclass 41.
- Claims 21 and 30, drawn to a method of producing a fingerprint of an extract of a natural product, classified in class 424, subclass 9.2.
- VI. Claim 23, drawn to the fingerprint produced by V or VI, classified in class 424, subclass 9.2.
- VII. Claim 24, drawn to a method to determine batch-to-batch variation of an extract, classified in class 435, subclass 174.
- VIII. Claim 25, drawn to a method to assay for formulation variation of an extract, classified in class 436, subclass 8.

IX. Claim 26, drawn to a method to assay for dose variation of an extract, classified in class 436, subclass 8.

- X. Claims 27, 28, and 30 drawn to a method for identification of induced compounds in a subject, classified in class 424, subclass 9.1.
- XI. Claim 29, drawn to the induced compounds identified by XI, classified in class 424, subclass 9.1.
- XII. Claims 31 and 32 drawn to a method for treating cancer in a subject, classified in class 435, subclass 7.23.
- XIII. Claims 33-39 drawn to a method for treating cancer in a subject, classified in class 435, subclass 7.23.
- XIV. Claim 40, drawn to an anti-tumor composition, classified in class 435, subclass 4.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Inventions I-III are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that
they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of
operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In
the instant case the different inventions employ different method steps, wherein each
respective group does not require the particulars of any other group.

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One would therefore not have to practice the various methods at the same time to practice just one method alone, for example; Group I does not require the particulars of Groups II and III, i.e., the extraction of body fluid from a human subject. Group II does not require the particulars of Groups III, i.e., administering an herbal extract to a subject. For purposes of this restriction requirement, the mixture in Claim 7 is interpreted by the examiner to mean an herbal extract.

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Inventions IV-V and VI are related as process of making and product made. The inventions are distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) that the process as claimed can be used to make another and materially different product or (2) that the product as claimed can be made by another and materially different process (MPEP § 806.05(f)). In the instant case, the process as claimed could also be used to produce a toxicity assessment whereby, after contacting a system that mimics an organ capable of metabolizing the extract, the metabolic profile can be examined to determine the amount and identity of metabolites related to specific physiological changes caused by toxic insult to the system.

Inventions IV and VII-IX are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case, the variations between batches, formulation, and dose of an extract of a natural product could be detected through comparison of mass spectrometry or nuclear magnetic resonance profiles.

Inventions XIV and XII-XIII are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case, treatment of cancer can be carried out through administration of chemotherapeutic drug agents, for example, vindesine.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

This application contains claims directed toward the following patentable distinct species of the claimed invention: 1) metabolite(s), 2) cancerous cells/ cancer, and 3) herb, and 4) induced compound

Applicant is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect a single disclosed species for prosecution on the merits to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable. Currently, claims 1-39 are generic.

Applicant is advised that a reply to this requirement must include an identification of the species that is elected consonant with this requirement, and a listing of all claims readable thereon, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered nonresponsive unless accompanied by an election.

Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which are written in dependent form or otherwise include all the limitations of an allowed generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which are readable upon the elected species. MPEP § 809.02(a).

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Should applicant traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

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The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims. Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and a product claim is subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be rejoined in accordance with the provisions of MPEP § 821.04. Process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the patentable product will be entered as a matter of right if the amendment is presented prior to final rejection or allowance, whichever is earlier. Amendments submitted after final rejection are governed by 37 CFR 1.116; amendments submitted after allowance are governed by 37 CFR 1.312.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103, and 112. Until an elected product claim is found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowed product claim will not be rejoined. See "Guidance on Treatment of Product and Process Claims in light of In re Ochiai, In re Brouwer and 35 U.S.C. § 103(b)," 1184 O.G. 86 (March 26, 1996). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy. Applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution either to maintain dependency on the product claims or to otherwise include the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder. Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Paul C. Martin whose telephone number is 571-272-3348. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8am-5pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Bruce Campell can be reached on 571-272-0974. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Paul Martin Examiner Art Unit 1655 Page 9

8/22/05

PATRICIA LEITH PRIMARY EXAMINER

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